GAVE HIMSELF UP.

Defaulter Pratt, of St. Louis. Voluntarily

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

The case came before the Supreme Court a few weeks ago, and the judgment was affirmed. Pratt's friends asked the Gov-

TO COME HERE NEXT TIME.

Concludes Its Annual Session.

the annual convention of the American Catholic Total Abstinence Union finished

their business to-day. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. J. M. Cleary,

of Kenosha, Wis.; First Vice President,

Rev. Morgan M. Sheedy, of Pittsburg; Second Vice President, William A. Manning, of Cleveland; Treasurer, Rev. William McMahon, of Cleveland; Secretary, Philip A. Nolau, of Philadelphia.

The next convention will be held at Pitts

CLEVELAND, August 8.-Delegates

The Catholic Total Abstinence Conve

Travels to the Pontiontlary to Serve His Sentence—The Governor Refuses to Interfere.

AMATEUR SCULLERS.

Rough Weather Spoils the Sport at the

Western Regatta.

gin the first race, and it was an hour or more before she got off. All this time the Senior singles were a mile and a half away, being tossed about by the waves and pelted with

FOR RIG STAKES.

Cooper and Bendoff Matched to Fight fo

More Than \$20,000.

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.

LONDON, August 8 .- Advices from the Cap-

LONDON, August &.—Advices from the Cape of Good Hope state that Woolf Bendoff, the well-known pugllist of this city, and Jack Cooper, the champion of South Africa, have been matched to fight with the 'Raw' uns according to London prize ring rules for £4,500, Bendoff's backers wagering £2,500 to Cooper's £2,000. The fight is to be decided in September, and it is creating considerable interest.

£2,000. The fight is to be decided in September, and it is creating considerable interest.

Jack Cooper, the champion of South Africa, arrived in New York in the fall of 1884. On his arrival he offered to fight any middle weight in America. He stands 5 feet 7% inches in height, weighs 150 pounds and is 31 years old. Shortly after Cooper's arrival in this country he was matched to box Jim Fell for a purse. The contest was to have been decided at the Alhambra, New York, but the authorities stopped it. On the following morning they fought in an uptown hall and Fell won. Cooper proved he was a scientific, game pugifist. Woolf Bendoff is also well known in prize ring direles both in England and in this country. Matther are first class, and it is a mystery to know how either could be matched to light for \$1,000 let alone \$10,000.

FIGHTING THE POOL ROOMS.

The Western Union Removes Its Wires

From the Brighton Beach Track.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, August 8.-The Western Union

Telegraph Company is said to have removed its wires from the Brighton Beach race track at Coney Island to-day. This action, following so closely upon the trouble at Monmouth Park, indicates that the war between the racing asso-

indicates that the war between the racing asso-ciations and the pool rooms has only begun. The bookmakers doing business in the city claim that they are put to no inconvenience by the movement, and maintain that they will do business at track odds despite the racing associations. The Brighton Hotel is close enough to the race track to get the winners off promptly to the different rooms. The pool rooms in town bobbed up serenely to-day with results from Monmouth Park races, despite the fact that no wires were run from the park.

The Western Union has a regular office at Eatontown, which is about a mile and a half from Monmouth. The obliging Secretary of the track gave out word that he had a swift horse and buggy at the disposal of all who wished to send messages, and his courtesy was largely availed of after each race. The Western Union people will make no other arrangements for the transmission of news from the park. They will accept all business at Eatontown.

An Intimation That Mr. Wanamaker is Very Badly Informed. NO GOVERNMENT GRANTS OF VALUE

To Anybody Else Have Ever Reen Given to the Tolegraph Company.

Dr. Norvin Green, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is out in a lengthy letter in reply to a communication of Postmaster General Wanamaker. He takes strong ground against the statements made by the latter. Some of the remarks are almost direct contradictions. NEW YORK, August 8.-Dr. Norvin

Green, President of the Western Union Company, sent to Postmaster General Wanamaker the following response to his recent Hon. John Wansmaker, Postmaster General:

Hon. John Wanamaker, Postmaster General:
DEAR SIR—Acknowledging the receipt of
your letter of August 2. I beg to say I much regret that the publication of my letters to you,
to which you refer, was rendered necessary by
the extraordinary statements "on information
furnished this (your) department" contained
in your letter of July 13, and extensively printed
in the newspapers on the following day.
You again refer to the privileges and benefits
derived by this company through the acts of

You again refer to the privileges and benefits derived by this company through the acts of Congress, and especially the act of 1896. You say: "Under these grants the company has claimed the right to use, without compensation of any kind as to right of way, all the highways of the country on the ground of their being postroads. It has broadened this claim to the extent that the streets of cities and towns are also postroads, and, therefore, open and free to its occupancy and use. The courts have sustained at in this claim."

Either you or we are very badly informed by our respective legal advisers as to what has been claimed by the telegraph company and held by the courts in respect to the scope and anthority of that grant. I have had occasion from time to time to go through the records in a great many casea, but I do not recall any instances in which claim has been made and sustained by the courts. What we understand the Government did give us, in the act of 1806, was a franchise and right to do telegraph business in all the States, and this franchise was given alike to all telegraph companies, or other parties who might accept it; and subsequently, by what was known as the Butler amendment, it was especially extended to all railroad companies.

Ent the act never assumed to give us and A DIRECT CONTRADICTION.

was especially extended to all railroad companies.

But the act never assumed to give us, and could not give us, the right to plant our poles on any but lands actually belonging to the Government; and that right we have very rarely exercised, except when the Government wanted us to extend lines for the convenience of the Government into its navy yards and military posts and stations, or to its department office in the city of Washington. Had you carefully read the decision in the Pensacola telegraph case to which you refer, you would not have fallen into such a grievous error upon this point.

Chief Justice Walte, in the body of the opinion, thus defines the scope of the act of 1866 under consideration: "No question arises as to the authority of Congress to provide for the appropriation of private property to the was of the telegraph for no such attempt has the appropriation of private property to the uses of the telegraph, for no such attempt has been made. The use of public property alone is granted. If private property is required, it must so far as the present legislation is con-

PRIVATE ARRANGEMENT with its owner. No compulsory proceedings are authorized. State sovereignity under the are authorized. State sovereignity under the constitution is not interfered with. Only naments for the transmission of news from the park. They will accept all business at Eatontown.

SOME GOOD SPORT.

SOME GOOD SPORT.

The Races at Monmouth Park Were All First Class.

Monmouth Park, N. J., August 8.—Uncommonly good sport was shown to-day, and the weather and track were all that could be desired.

First race, one mile—Starters: Leo H, Blush.

The railroads are post roads, as well as some of the highways, and if the Government gives us the right of way on post roads, why should we have to pay the railroad companies for it? We have to contract for and obtain our rights of way from the parties who own them, whether railroad companies, turnpike and plank road companies, or individual land owners; and in case of streets and highways we have to obtain license from the city, county or State authorities, or condemn under authority of State laws. I sincerely wish that your ideas of the law that we "are in fact occupying many thousands of miles of post roads, and are privileged to occupy all the highways in the United States," under the grants of that act may prove sound in law; but we have not relied upon that grant, and are satisfied the courts would not sustain your views. Our occupancy of the streets is alway by license of the local authorities or of the State, and in the case of the Elevated Railroad Company in the city of New York, to which you refer, we pay the companies who own the structure for the right to string our wires thereon.

ANOTHER FEATURE.

Second—We seem to be getting nearer together as to the power and duty of the Postmaster General to name the rate of tolls to be paid on Government messages. I only claim that this power and duty are limited by the constitution to a just compensation for the service required; and that a just compensation must cover the actual cost of the service with something added for the use of facilities necessary to perform it; and as you say the Government is willing to pay just rates, we have come quite to an agreement on the principle that must govern the fixing of rates to be paid. Third—I still insist that the Government is our most favored customer and that the rate for Government service during the past five years, considering the character of the service, is lower than that given to any other patron. The Government rate has been I cent per word for 1,000 miles or less. You may make up aspiposed message, with address and signature of unusual length, and 20 words in the body sent a short distance, under our half rate contracts with certain transportation companies and show that it is a triffe less than the Government rate, but the half rate is generally higher, and you forget that this half rate in money is not all we get. Tout must be added the value of what these transportation commanies do for us. But when you apply even the strongest supposed case to a message between New York and Chicago, or Washington and St. Louis, you will find the Government rate is the lower.

NOT A PROPEE COMPARISON.

NOT A PROPER COMPARISON. NOT A PROPER COMPARISON.

There is no comparison between the service for the newspapers (even the special rates to one newspaper) and messages transmitted for the Government. A special message of 1,500 words would make 50 Government messages of 30 words each; each message requiring a separate checking, booking, numbering, routing, enveloping and a special delivery. We often have a special news report of 5,000 words or more, equal to over 166 messages of 30 words each, while our commercial and social messages average but about 17 words, including address and signature.

while our commercial and social messages are rage but about 17 words, including address and signature.

For the year ending July, 1877, our average rate to the public was 43 6-10 cents per message. Last year it was 31 2-10 cents per message—the reduction to the public being something less than 30 per cent. In the same period the cost to the company of handling messages has been reduced from 29 8-10 cents per message to 23 2-10 cents, being about 20 per cent. So that the reduced on the Government service has been 25 times greater than the reduced cost of handling the message and two-fifths greater than the reduced rate on commercial messages. The sum of it all is that the Government has given ans nothing that cost the Government anything, or that was of any value to the Government to retain, nothing that has not been worth more to the Government and the public that we should have than it has been worth to us; while in consideration therefor, the Government, by its reserved power, has been

for a number of years at the rate of nearly, i

Continued from First Page.

Sr. Louis, August 8.—The case of Darwin W. Pratt, convicted of embezzling large sums of money from the McCormick Reaper Company, of Chicago, while acting agent in this city, was settled to-day by the refusal of Governor Francis to issue a par-

how can I give you what I have not got? I have not had one good meal for myself in several days."

It was on one of these occasions that the servants put their heads together and appointed a committee to wait upon Mrs. Harrison to request that their board be commuted into a small money allowance, so that they might purchase their food at some boarding house outside.

It appears that even the steward at the White House instead of having ample opportunities to add handsome commissions to his regular salary by virtue of handling the purchases of the household, has never an opportunity to make a cent in that way, and it is only by getting in the first whack—and that must be done stealthily if done at all—that even he can scrape together a decent don. On hearing the result, Pratt walked to the depot, took a train for Jefferson City and voluntarily delivered himself up to the warden of the penitentiary.

Pratt occupied quite a prominent position in social and business affairs, and had full charge of the McCormick branch in this

that must be done stealthily if done at all—
that even he can scrape together a decent
meal for himself.

In the absence of a butler—the President
keeps no butler at present—the steward does
the carving—what little carving there is to
do at Harrison's table—and Madame
Pelouard says that it is only by virtue of
aleight-of-hand that the steward can city. In his employment as bookkeeper was a Sunday school superintendent named Hiram Post. One day, three years ago, the city was startled by the news that Post had proven a defaulter for a large sum, and when arrested had cut his throat. He recovered, however, and asserted that he had been driven to crime by D. W. Pratt, his superior. Pratt was arrested and snother big hole was found in the receipts. Post turned State's evidence and escaped. Pratt was convicted and given two years.

The case came before the Supreme Court MANAGE TO SAVE A MEAL

for himself. For instance, if there are two affirmed. Pratt's friends asked the Governor for a 20 days' stay, which was also granted. Then a delegation of prominent, St. Louisans called upon the Governor and submitted evidence tending to show that Post had committed perjury in order to save himself. They asked that Pratt be pardoned on this evidence. The Governor last night refused to interfere, and Pratt went up to the penitentiary. The McCormick company rebutted all of Pratt's evidence and fought hard against the pardon.

House since Harrison came, Madame Pelouard says, is a few bottles of claret that MR. CLEVELAND LEFT BEHIND HIM

when he took his departure. Even when baby McKee's little sister was baptized in the Blue Room, a couple of months ago, there was nothing stronger than water at the luncheon that was ordered for 12 and served to 20.

the luncheon that was ordered for 12 and served to 20.

It is Mrs. Harrison's custom always to order a meal for just about half as many persons as are invited. She expects about 15 sceptances, and a meal for 12 she always believes is good enough to serve for 15 or more in a squeeze.

The menu for the luncheon which was given when little Mary McKee was baptized—the only formal meal which has been served at the White House since Earrison became President—would make a tramp laugh and thank his stars he was not confined to White House fare.

Marceli Pelouard has learned enough about the White House from his wife to convince him that it would be much better to be footman in any one of 500 houses in Washington than butler, or even steward, at the White House. burg. Among the resolutions adopted were the following:

Resolved, That we realize that the future of this union and of the importance among our Catholic people depends in a great measure on the training of children in Catholic schools and the formation of cadet societies and societies of young women. the formation of cadet societies and societies of young women.

Resolved, That seeking to preserve and rescue fall human nature from sin, we rely chiefly on the grace of the sacraments and prayer, we are in sympathy with every wise and lawful movement to suppress drunkenness, and we therefore approve of every just exercise of civil authority which aims at the destruction of satan's well devised structure, the saloon, with its nefarious methods of creating drunkards, and perpetuating the victims and profligate power of the drink trade in corrupting politics, defeating the ends of law and disturbing the order of society.

Resolved, Tuat we condemn the practice of using liquor in so-called Catholic clubs, at picnics, excursions and the like, held or controlled by Catholies as scandalous and conducive to intemperance and other deplorable disorders.

lined two years ago, has been dropped. That provided for all the rubber shee manufacturing companies, and because some would not come in on terms satisfactory to the others, the scheme fell through. It also provided for a transfer of the various properties to be made to the trust, at a valuation determined by appraisers who were to base their estimates on the business of certain specified years. This was not satisfactory to some, because the years selected were those in whice they did a small business, while their cotemporaries had the bulk of the trade. All these objectionable features have been eliminated from the new plan.

"The committee recognizes that it will be practically impossible to form a rubber trust embracing all the companies at first; that it will be impossible to form it by a transfer of the properties on a basis of valuation by any one but the stockholders of each company, and that the trust can probably be organized more readily by including English capital to take hold of it than by any other way. The present plan, therefore, contemplates a sale of a number of the rubber shoe companies of the country, in block, to a syndicate of English capitalists."

The committee finds that while there is a strong sentiment in layor of consolidation, there is a simple that it is almost as strong a one against it. strong sentiment in favor of consolidation,

A DANGEROUS DISEASE. A UANGERUUS DISEASE.

The number of people who annually die from Bright's disease is simply astonishing. Beginning by a weakness in the back, accompanied by pain, which at first may be slight, still, as the disease progresses, there is an increased pain in the small of the back and in the region of the groins, high colored urine with brick dust sediment, scanty or copious flow, with pain in voiding it. Not only do the kidneys themselves become organically diseased, terminating in gravel or stone in the bladder, diabetes or Bright's disease, but is one of the most potent causes of rheumatism and decays.

OFFICIALS BUKNED IN EFFIGY.

Lewis and Colonel A. F. Buck were burned in effigy before the Court House to-night in the presence of probably 10,000 people.

This action is the result of Lewis appointing a negro to a place in the registry department, where he would come in contact with a white lady clerk. Colonel Buck is the Republican leader and is supposed to have inspired the appointment.

in an Unknown Locality.

# WHITE HOUSE MENUS.

vania, cloudy weather, with showers, cooler on

slight changes in temperature, southerly PITTSBURG, August 8, 1889

for himself. For instance, if there are two or three chickens to carve—as there some times are, when baby McKee and Dr. Scott and all the Harrisons, Scotts and McKees are at home—the steward may get a chance while carving to flip a leg or two up his sleeve, and, although Mrs. Harrison may afterward inquire where the missing members have gone to—as she is quite liable to do—there is no bringing them back after they have once disappeared.

But with all the legeruemsin which he can practice at the table the, steward finds it necessary to go outside whenever he wan's anything like a square meal. Ham and eggs for breakfast, ham and eggs for dinzer, ham and eggs for supper, is how Madame Pelouard, in a general way, describes the variety of bills of fare at the White House. The Harrisons never buy any wine of any kind, and never have any on their table, whether there are guests present or not. The only wine that has been in the White House since Harrison came, Madame Pelouard swe is a few bottles of least the the provisions of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of part of ordinance conflicti

[No. 54.]

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE avenue to Marchand street.

Section 1—8e it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittaburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance. Landwehr street, from Penn avenue to Marchand street, at a width of 40 feet, in accordance with an ordinance locating the same, approved March 29, 1888, and an ordinance relocating part of the same, approved February 27, 1889. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1886.

Clerk of Common Council.

Mayor's Office, July 23, 1889. Approved, WM.

MCCALLIN, Mayor. Attest: ROOT. OSTER.

MALER, Assistant Mayor's Clerk.

Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 7, page 121,
6th day of Angust, a. D., 1882.

## A VICTIM IS FOUND.

Mr. Hewitt's Ball Team Just What We Want.

WE BEAT THE SENATORS.

THE PHILLIES BEAT CLEVELAND.

Rain Stops the Argument Between Boston

and Anson.

GENERAL BASEBALL NEWS OF THE DAY The home ball team won a game from the Washington tail enders yesterday. Morris

pitched well. Indianapolis almost knocked Welch out of the box and the Phillies beat Cleveland. There was some good sport in a baseball way. After a long but not an unexpected absence Dame Fortune reappeared and perched herself on Pittsburg's banner yesterday

This statement does not mean that good luck or good fortune caused the home victory, it only means that the smiles of the good old lady somehow or other were bestowed on the efforts of the home players. They played a winning game from start to finish and fairly clipped all the fins from Mr. Haddock.

It is some time since the home team had such a very pleasant time of it. The result never seemed in doubt, although in the second inning the visitors went to the front by one run. The playing of the two teams, however, was so different that the result was a foregone was so different that the result was a foregone conclusion. The lead was on the side of the visitors only a very short time, indeed. The home representatives had on their batting clothes, and the young man who has been a

puzzle to the great sluggers of Boston recently, WAS QUITE A MARK for the irregulars of Pittsburg. Mr. Haddock's delivery was sized up quite comfortably and banged all over the lot. He is a thin and wiry young fellow. Strength does not seem to be his great stronghold, but he is wonderfully speedy and tricky. Yesterday, however, he was not equal to the occasion, and a longer rest would probably have made things pleasanter for him. He was fairly well supported. Daly, however, did not do anything brilliant in catching him. The ex-Ansonite at one time became

extremely careless of the result.

Morris was in the box for the home players and he did well. He pitched with all his old time trickery and much of his well-known speed was shown. His pitching was so effective that not a run was earned off his delivery. Carroll caught him very well and the fielding was excellent. The attendance was about 1,joyed the game because the home boys were

MADE A GOOD START. The home team made two runs in the first inning. Sunday started out with a scratch hit, stole second and reached third on a wild throw of Daly. Carroll's sacrifice hit sent Sunday home, and Rowe made a unce three-bagger to center field. The ball flew over Hoy's head, and he fell in turning to run for it. Before he could get fairly after the ball. Rowe was comfortably at third; he ought to have been at home. Miller struck out, and Beckley's single scored Rowe. In the second inning White led off with a two-bagger to middle field. Dunlap and Morris both were retired, and Sunday sent White home on a hit to right.

The third inning was a lively affair. Rowe led off with a scratch bit, and Miller flew to Mack. Beckley made a hit, and Rowe scored on Kuchne's short grounder. Kuchne does not lay any claim to hot cakes, umbrellas, etc., but his sacrifice hit was a timely one, as Rowe scored. White made a corking hit, and Dunlap sent out a two-bagger, the total number of runs so far being three, and good ones at that. The home team made two runs in the first

the day. Carroll led off and got his base on balls. Rowe followed with a good single to middle and Miller sent Carroll home on a single to left. Miller was retired at second on a short self by balls. to left. Miller was retired at second on a short hit by Beckley and the latter got to first all hit by Beckley and the latter got to first all right. Beckley stole second aided by a passed ball. Kuchne flew out to Wise and the latter's fumble of White's grounder allowed both Rowe and Beckley to score. Duolap got his base on balls and a hit by Morris seat in both White and Dunlap. The latter scored while Morris was dodging between first and second. The visitors made a run in the first inning. Hoy got his base on balls and got home on a hit and a sacriface. In the second inning G. Irwin got to first on a fumble by Rowe and Daly reached second on a wild throw by Rowe, Irwin scoring. After two men were out in the third inning. G. Irwin got first on a life, and reached second on a wild throw by Dunlap. Daly's two-bagger sent him home. third inning. G. Irwin got first on a rite, and reached second on a wild throw by Duniap. Daly's two-bagger sent him home.

After A. Irwin was out in the fifth inning, his brother got his base on balls and so did Daly. A wild pitch advanced each man a base, and a

sacrifice by Carney sent Irwin home. The visi-tors did not look like scoring again, Curry numpired a good game. Following is the score: Sunday, r. 1 2 2 0 0 Hoy, m. . . 1 0 1 0 Carroll, c. . . 1 0 1 1 0 Mack, l. . . . 0 3 3 0 

Totals ... 12 14 27 15 4 Totals ..... 6 7 27 21 3 Earned runs-Pittsburgs, 7. Two-base hits-White, Dunlap.

rifice hits--Carroll, Kuchne, Dunlap, Mack. Carney, Stolen bases-Sunday, 2; Beckley, Kuchne, Double plays -- A. Irwin. Wise and Carney. First base on errors -- Pittsburgs, 2; Washing

tons, 2.

First base on balls.—Sunday, Carroll, 3; Dunlap, Hoy, 3; J. Irwin, Daly.
Wild pitch.—Morris.
Passed balls.—Paly, 2.
Struck ont.—Sunday, Carroll, Miller, Morris, Beccher, J. Irwin.
Left on bases.—Pittsburgs. 9; Washingtons, 8.
Time of game—One hour and 50 minutes.
Umpire—Curry.

BUTCHERED MICKEY. The Hoosiers Let Loose and Wallop the Ginnts Badly. INDIANAPOLIS, August 8.—The Hoosiers jumped onto Mickey Welch in the first inning

and kept up their slugging throughout the game, earning all but two of their runs. Boyle did good work. Captain Ewing retired in the fifth, and was succeeded by Brown. The Giants lost their baggage en route from Chicago, and played in a combination of old Indianapolis uniforms. Score:

Totals. . . . 4 8 27 10

Two-base filts—Glasscock, McGeachy oyle, 2: Bassett, Secry, Three-base hits—Tiernan, Glasscock, Home rans—Buckley, Glasscock, Secrifice hits—Denny, McGeachy, Stolen bases—O'Rourke, 2: Ward, Double plays—Bullivan, Bassett, R

arks, 2 Struck out—By Boyle, 3; by Weich, 3, Passed bail—Ewing. Wild pitches—Weich, 2. Time of game—One hour and 40 minutes. Umpire—McQuaid.

League Record.

BLAMED THE UMPIRE.

The Old Gag Repeated Again at Clevela The Phillies Won.

The Phillies Won.

CLEVELAND, August 8.—Umpire Lynch today by errors of judgment lost the game to
Cleveland. Two of his decisions were wrong,
and by them Philadelphis won. Zimmer was
hit in the throat by a foul tip, and may be com
pelled to lay off for some time. Clements was
hit in the head, and Lynch was also touched up
twice. Altogether it was an eventful game.
Score:

CLEVELA'DSRD P A E PHILAS. B B P A E Totals ... . 7 11 24 10 0 Totals, . .. 10 15 27 13 8 

Struck ont - Generals 1.
Wild pitch—Gleason, 1.
Time of game—Two hours and 15 minutes.
Number - Lynch.

## ASSOCIATION GAMES.

The Cincinnati Reds Win a Close Game From the Colonels-Barnie's Team Trim Up the Athletics Very Comforta-

bly and St. Louis is Still in Front. LOUISVILLE, August 8.-In a close contest to day Cincinnati won by superior playing. Viau pitched and was not hit effectually. In the seventh inning a base on balls with two singles were made to net three runs for Louisville, but none was earned. Ewing in the box for Louis-

EASY VICTIMS.

The St. Louis Champions Make the Cowboy Look Small. KANSAS CITY, August 8.—The Cowboys fell easy victims to the Browns to-day. King was very effective for the visitors, and when he was

IT TOOK TEN INNINGS. Barnie's Team Defeatthe Quakers in a Ver; Hot Argument. PHILADELPHIA, August &-The Athletics dropped another game to Baltimore to-day by loose fielding. McMahon pitched an excellent

game up to the tenth inning, when he bit one batter and gave another a base on balls, which with two singles gave the visitors the game. 

COSTLY ERRORS. n Seedy Game. COLUMBUS, August 8.—Brooklyn won a game

Columbus. 3 2 6 2 0 0 1 0 3-11 Brooklyns. 2 1 0 1 4 0 1 1 2-11 inse hits-Columbus, 11 Brooklyns, 14 Evrora-Columbus, 6: Brooklyns, 4. Evrora-Columbus, 6: Brooklyns, 6. Two-base hits-O'Brien a Caruthers. Three-base hits-Johnson, Pinckner, Visner, 2. Struck out-By Hughes, 2: by Caruthers, 1: by Widner, 1: by Gastright, 4. Passed balls-O'Conner, 1; Visner, 4. Umpire-Gafney.

Per | Won. Lost. Ct. |
St. Louis... 60 30 .667 Cincinnatis... 49
Brooklyns... 58 21 .552 Kansas Citys... 34
Baltimores... 50 27 .575 Columbus... 35
Athletics... 46 36 .561 Louisvilles... 20

Games To-Day. NATIONAL LEAGUE-Washingtons at Pitts burg: Philadelphias at Cleveland; New Yorks at Indianapolis; Bostons at Chicago. AMERICAN ASSOCIATION - Cincinn Louisville: St. Louis at Kansas City. INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE—Syracuses at London; Rochesters at Detroit; Buffalos at

Toledo; Hamiltons at Toronto.

The Homestends Pulverize the Electrics by 22 to a Trivial 2. The Electrics, of Pittsburg, received a warm reception at Homestead yesterday. They pre-dicted that the Homesteads would not make three runs, but things were reversed. The was earned. The features of the game were the battery work of O'Neil and Hess, and the

hard hitting of the home team, who seem to have gotten into B. B. form again. The Home-steads play the Braddock Blues a league game to-morrow, which will be for blood. Score: HOMEST'DS, R B P A E ELECTRICS, R B P A I 

Totals, .... 22 21 27 19 3 Totals..... 2 5 27 16 11 Homesteads......0 3 6 5 1 3 7 1 2-22 Electrics......0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0-2 Earned runs-Homesteads, 12. Two-base hits-E. Colgan 1, Youngman 1, Cargo I.
Three-base hits--E. Colgan I, Youngman I, Bul-Bome run—Cargo. Struck out—By O'Neil, 9; by Pastorins, 2. Passed balls—Haybeck 4. Umpire—Dietz.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.1
BRADDOCK, August 8.—The home nine to day had no trouble in defeating the colored Keystones, of Pittsburg. The visitors played very loose, having 18 errors. In the third inning the Blues knocked Douglass out of the box, making 14 runs. After this inning no interest was taken in the game. The home nine hit the bail hard, while the visitors could not bunch their hits, O'Brien keeping them well scattered A good deal of kicking was done by the Key stones on the umpires' decisions, but both um-pired satisfactorily. The score:

Cooper, 1... 4 0 0 0 0 0 Roy, m..... 1 1 0 0 1 S.Dalzell, 3... 4 3 1 4 2 Gantz, 2... 0 2 5 2 3 B. Bennett, 2 4 4 5 2 0 Th son, c&m 2 3 3 1 1 W. Dalzell, 4 4 1 2 1 Allen, 1 ... 1 1 7 0 1 Killen, c... 3 3 8 3 0 Countee, p& 0 3 2 0 1 Killen, c... 2 2 7 2 0 0 Keever, 2 0 1 3 3 0 O'Brien, p. 2 2 0 11 2 Smallwood, 8 0 0 2 3 3 O'Brien, p. 2 2 0 11 2 Smallwood, 8 0 0 2 3 3 O'Brien, r. 0 1 6 0 1 Vidix r, c&r 0 1 1 0 0 Neves, m... 2 3 0 0 0 D'glass, p& 1 0 0 1 4 0 Totals .... 25 22 27 22 5 Totals .... 4 12 24 13 18

LONDON. August 8.—The Philadelphia oricketers began a game to-day with a team from Cambridge. Several of Cambridge's best players are away enjoying the "Long vachtlon," and for this reason the home team was of only moderate strength. The visitors went first to the wickets. Clark played a creditable inning of three hours duration, retiring with 5 rane. Patterson played good cricket for a total ... S. 

SOME GREAT RACING.

Belle Hamlin Defeats Harry Wilkes on the Grand Circuit.

RICHARDSON AGAIN SECOND. Gray Light Defeats Jack in a Heat

of 2:17 1-2. AMERICAN CRICKETERS IN ENGLAND. News.

The Grand Circuit races were continued at Buffalo yesterday. The special account of The Dispatch shows that there were some great contests. J. B. Richardson was beaten by Gean Smith. Cooper and Bendoff are matched to fight for \$20,000 and the championship of the Cape of Good Hope.

\*\*Special Telegram to the dispatch.\*\*

Buffalo, August 8.—This, the third day of the grand circuit meeting, quite fulfilled all expectations as the red letter event of the week. The weather looked like rain at one time, but the sun came out in time to research the resonals and a big crowd, esti
\*\*Special Telegram to the dispatch in the lead of John A. Corbett, of Chicago, who took it easily, satisfied apparently with second place, entitling him to enter the final heat. Others in the race were bunched, all expectations as the red letter event of the week. The weather looked like rain at one time, but the sun came out in time to The Grand Circuit races were continued

reassure the people, and a big crowd, esti-mated from 12,000 to 15,000 made a lively scene within the International Fair Grounds. Most of them had come to see the match be tween Harry Wilkes, the ex-king of freetween Harry Wilkes, the ex-king of free-for-all trotters, and Belle Hamlin, the fastest mare by the records now on the turf. It was only a two in three heat affair to be sure, but it was for \$5,000 stake money, with a like amount added by the association to be divided among the pair. Harry Wilkes was not him-self, and the mare had the easiest kind of a victory. It was not expected that the Wilkes gelding would win the first heat, but he had always been faster as the race progressed, and when he kept at Belie Hamlin's wheel all the way in the first heat, which she trotted in 2:15, there seemed to be a reasonable chance for

In the second mile his speed was gone, and the mare did not have to go faster than 2:17% to beat him by several lengths. This was far from being such a match as Harry Wilkes had trotted when he met Patron, Clingatone and other cracks in former years. Belle Hamlin

was in excellent form. BOY WILKES IN GOOD TRIM. Other events were excellent, and a finer day's acotting has never been seen anywhere. The unfinished pace was conceded to Roy Wilkes, who came out in good form, while his older antagonists, Gossip, Jr., and Jewett, were stiff and out of form. The 2-20 class was more uncertainty for the week. antagonists, Gossip, Jr., and Jewett, were stiff and out of form. The 2:20 class was more uncertain, for, though Graylight had two heats, Jack was still dangerous. Goldsmith brought the big son of Starlight to the wire in fine condition, limber and full of speed. Jack, on the contrary, was unsteady and never in the chase, so Graylight won a good race, trotting the fourth heat to-day in 2:174. None of the others were at all up to his speed.

Then after the match had been finished, the stake of \$5,000 for the 2:24 class was contested. In this there was a knockdown surprise for the talent who had plunged heavily on Hendry, for another grey carried off the honor, while the son of Damettors was beaten. Aleryon, the victor, is a blind stallion with a wonferful flight of speed. He showed this at Detroit in the \$10,000 stake, two weeks ago, but to-day he was a champion for three miles, pulling in three heats at an average below 215 and lowering his record to 2:174.

In the 2:18 class the unbeaten Gean Smith was, of course, the tip, but he had the hardest race of the season, and, in the last heat had J. B. Richardson been able to get through, it is hard to say what might have, happened. The miles in this race were all fast, and Gean Smith won by his steady work, his only mistake being in the fourth heat. Even the 4-year-olds cut a prominent figure, and the performance of the Tennesse stallion, McEwen, will rank as one of the best ever accomplished by a colt after closing a long gap and winning a first heat in 2:19. He repeated in 2:19%, and in the third heat could have trotted in 2:20 had it been necessary. Marie Jansen, Gillig and Governor Stanford, representatives of different localities and breeds, all showed good form, but were outclassed by the Southern bred colt. Repetition was expected to start, but was drawn last night.

THE SUMMARIES. In the unfinished 2:20 class, Graylight took fourth heat, winning the race. 2:20 trotting: Graylight ...... Jack Lucille's Baby TTS Peneva S. Time, 2:17%, 2:16%, 2:18%, 2:17% Special trot, purse \$10,000, best two in three. Belle Hamlin. Harry Wilkes. Time, 2:15, 2:173. ALCEYON WINS IN STRAIGHT HEATS.

ewton. Time, 2:18%, 2:16%, 2:17%, 2:17%, 2:18. Four-year-old stake.

AT SARATOGA Fine Track Allows Some Exciting and Fast Races. SARATOGA, August 8.—The weather to-day ras fine and the track was in good condition, First race, one mile—Starters: Belle d'Or, King rab, Blue Rock, Marshall Luke. Belle d'Or on, King Crab second, Blue Rock third. Time, won. King Crab second, Blue Rock third. Time, 1839.
Second race, three-quariers of a mile-Starters: Penn P, Prodigal Son. Poison, Cameo, Eberler, Honduras Frederick I and Tnnnessean. Honduras won, Prodigal Son second, Frederick I third. Time, 1:185.
Third race, mile and scuriong-Starters: Longstreet, Robin Hood, Sillick and St. Luke. The horses ran lapped from the start to the middle of the stretch. making one of the prettiest, closest races ever seen. On the list furiong Longstreet won, Robin Hood second, St. Luke third. Time, 2:035.

races ever seen. On the last furlong Longstreet won, Robin Hood second, St. Luke third. Time, 2:335.

Fourth race, one mile and half a furlong—Starters: Princess Bowling. Diablo. Oregon, Castaway, Carroll. Gipey Queen and Hub S. Oregon went out at the start and secured a lead of two lengths, running under a pull. On the lower turn Oregon held an easy lead, with Diablo in second place and Princess Bowling third. In rounding the turn Castaway ran up and pocketed Princess Bowling, who was compelled to fall back to fourth place. When straightened, Princess Bowling won, Diablo second, Oregon third. Time, 1:334.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile-Starters: Sunlight, Harambourne, Dalesman, Fenelon, Lakeview, Hed Stone, Kitty Rand Harbor Lights. Harbor Lights won, Dalesman second, Fenelon third. Time, 1:174.

Sunlight, Harambourne, Dulesman, Feneion, Lakeview, Red Stone, Kitty Rand Harbor Lights, won, Dalesman second, Feneion third. Time, 1:1784.

Sixth racc, three-quarters of a mile-Starters: Brait, Eight to Seven, Tramp, Kitty Fease, Mamie Hunt, MacAuley and Sunshine. Mamie Huntwon, Tramp second, Brait third. Time, 1:183.

The following are the entries and weights for to-morrow's races:

First race, five furiongs—Crab Cider 110 pounds, Little Fred 110, Kayoderosseras 111, Henedict 110, Sable 110, Guyda fth, Rebecca 103, Elma D 105, Eestacy 105, Amelie Rives 105.

Second race, five furiongs—Remember geiding 110 pounds, King Idler 116, Metal 110, Limbo 118, Fonsil 103, Lady Pulsifer 103, Vendetta 105, Century 105, Lucy P 105.

Third race, one mile—Feneion 127 pounds, Bay Ridge 175, Hoyal Garter 125, California 125, Amos 125, Jim E Clare 123, Letretia 122, Shamrock 122, Finter 121, Bertin 120, Fiddlehead 114.

Fourth race, dive furiongs—Little Crete 111 pounds, Prince Howard 105, Armiel 184, Lena 105, Pearl Sct 105, Experience 104, Warsaw 104, Watch Me 104, Happiness 106, Alvertias 101, Nana filly 101, Fifth race, mile and seventy yards—St. Luke 117 pounds. Biscutt 117, John Aay S 115, Cera L 112, Banto 110, Quindaro Belle 116, Sillick 104, Ivy 100, Unitab 105, Leady Hemphili 96, Rustle 96.

Sixth race, mile and a sixteenth—The Lion III pounds, Big Brown Jug 118, Landsoer 117, Frederica 108, New Lower 107, George Aogus 102, Mirth 96, Holjand 96. Still Doing Well.

LONDON, August 8 .- The Philadelphia

First race, one mile-Starters: Leo H, Blush, Equality, May O, Housatonic, Heyday, Leather Stocking, Telle Doe, Lonely, Prose, Charlie Dreux. Leo H won, Blush second, Equality third. Time, 1:43%.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile-Starters: Heathen, King William, Cornella, Insight, Sam Morse, J O C. Heathen won, King William second, Cornella third. Time, 1:17.

Third race, seven furiouss-Starters: Defaulter, Bradford, Britannic, Volunteer, Salisbury, Coots, Defaulter won, Bradford second, Britannic third. Time, 1:2%. Defaulter won, Bradford second, Britannic third. Time, 1:39%.
Fourth race, one and one-fourth miles—Starters: Taragon, Urifiamme, Badge, Ivarwick, Connemara, Taragon won, Urifiamme second, Badge third. Time, 2:10%.
Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile—Starters: Grenadler, Glockner, Adolph, Wanderer II. Fred Grenadler, Glockner, Adolph Wanderer II. Fred Grenadler, Glockner second, Adolph third. Time, 1:36%.
Sixth race, mile and a furiong—Starters: Niagara, Brother Ban, Larchmoni, Pavanne, Banburg, The Lioness. Niagara won, Brother Ban second, Larchmont third. Time, 1:39.

. TRI-STATE LEAGUE.

Hase hits—Wheelings, 15; Hamiltons, II. Errors—Wheelings, 1; Hamiltons, 8. Batteries—Mechan and Haller, for Wheelings Browner and Lanser, for Hamiltons. Manager Long's Reply Manager Long, of the Our Boys ball club, in a long and plain letter to this paper, replies to the statement of the manager of the Crockerys the statement of the manager of the Crockerys which appeared in this paper regarding the allieged unfairness of the umpicing of last Saturday's ball game between the two teams. Mr. Long argues that the Crockerys never submitted to decisions that were objected to by the Our Boys. The most important feature is that Mr. Fitzsimmons, one of the umpires, states that he retired because of the incivility and vulgarity of the Crockerys. He is prepared to make sfidavit to this effect.

[Both sides having been heard, this controversy must now cease.]

A Rural Game. 

ANNAPOLIS, MD., August 8.—A telegram has been received by Secretary of State Lecompte, from Governor Lowry, of Mississippi, stating that he had revoked the appointment of Detective Norris, who was here trying to arrest Kilrain, the prize fighter.

A New Lengue Umpire.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., August 8.-President

N. E. Young, of the National Baseball League, to-day appointed Alonzo Knight a League Sporting Notes. ED NIKIRK can be matched to run McGar-THE St. Pauls defeated the Success team yesterday, by 19 to 8. resterday, by 19 to 8.

THE Duquesnes have won two out of three against the Jamestown, N. Y., club.

CORCORAN'S backers took down their forfeit ast night. Fillenger's backers did not show

J. Y. LEYTON, manager of the O'Brien Athletic Troupe, has a female ped., whom he will back against Bertle Lawrence for any amount.

THE Our Boys will play two games at Dunkirk, Tuesday and Wednesday, and three games at Jamestown, Thursday, Friday and Saturday next. Saturday next.

ENGLEDBUM'S friends hearing that McGarvey wants to run him five miles, are willing to meet McGarvey at this office on Saturday night and make a match.

Mr. J. Wern, manager of the Phoenix Glass Company, at Phillipsburg, is in the city. The gentleman is arranging for a number of cricket matches to be played at Brushton.

PROMISVILLE — River 4 feet 6 inche mationary. Weather clear. Thermometer 7

Was Wrecked.

TRYING TO DODGE ICERERGS.

the Manner in Which the Steamer Montres QUEBEC, August 8 .- Coptain Bentley, of be Allan line steamer Assyrian, reports that on Monday last, as the Assyrian was sailing into the Straits of Belle Isle, she was signalled by the lighthouse keeper that the Dominion line steamer Montreal was ashore. Coming into the straits the wrecked ashore. Coming into the straits the wrecked steamer was seen lying on her starboard beam ends, and only a small portion of her Progress Oversures Made by British

A N GROINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE Opening of Bellook way, from Crescent street to the eastern line of property of Patrick

of Starving People.

hull could be seen out of water. A great number of icebergs were floating about the straits and prevented the Assyrian from taking a safe position to offer the ship-wrecked people any assistance. Captain Wall, of the Montreal, with his Captain Wall, of the Montreal, with his crew and passengers, numbering in all about 60 persons, were on the island of Belle Isle awaiting help. He said that on Sunday he was sailing through the straits when a thick fog came on and lasted a very long time without his being able to hear any of the surrounding fog horns. At last Captain Wall decided that, as the fog did not shate he would ness between the land not abate, he would pass between the land and a huge iceberg that barred the passage through the straits. Unfortunately the land was closer than he thought and the

MAKING A SAVING for a number of years at the rate of nearly, if not quite, \$100,000 a year in the cost of its telegraph service below what other customers pay, while it eujoys, as it should, a preferred service over all other business.

Although I have treated the press service as not properly comparable with the transmission of Government messages, I desire to say that in point of fact, if the Government had paid us during the past several years the rates stipulated by contract with the Associated Press on news dispatches bearing one address, the aggregate revenue for the Government service would have been larger than it was at the rates the Government paid.

I have the honor to remain, very respectfully yours.

NORVIN GREEN, President.

J. F. Maider yesterday took out a permit for the erection of a five-story brick building, to be erected at the corner of Fifth avenue and Cherry alley; cost, \$22,000.

steamer ran aground. The boats hoisted out and all hands were saved. SALMON FOR SPOKANE. The Close Season Suspended for the Benefit [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.1 PORTLAND, August 8 .- A few days ago, ill salmon fishing upon the lower Columbia was suspended by law. Since then the passage of the fish from the seat of the

spawning grounds of the interior has been unchecked by nets and traps. The salmon finding the first obstruction since they entered Baker's bay have accumulated in vast Yesterday one of the canners here tele-graphed to Mayor Furth, of Spokane Falls, as follows: "I can send you all the salmon your stricken city can consume if Governor Pennover will give me permission to catch them."
The following answer was received: "Many thanks for kind offer of salmon for stricken people; we accept offer."
Fish Commissioners Reid and Campbell are at Dalles and at once authorized the

here is almost as strong a one against it.

ulently issuing shares of the company's stock to his business partner, Ferdinand W. Hofele. ... Hofele also was arrested to-night and locked up at police headquarters on the suspicion that he is not so mnocent in the

catch, and the result is a shipment to-day of 6,000 pounds.

COULDN'T GET \$100,000 BAIL.

Eben S. Allen Forced to Pass a Night In the

NEW YORK, August 8 .- Eben S. Allen,

ately President of the Forty-second Street

and Grand Street Ferry Railway Company,

eassed to-night in the Tombs, under \$100,

000 bail, on the charge of forging and fraud-

Tombs of New York. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

Postoffice Clerkship. ATLANTA, GA., August 8 .- Postmaste ewis and Colonel A. F. Buck were burned

MAN AND MONEY MISSING. Bookkeeper Who Has Important Busines

CLEVELAND, August 8.—Frank W. Gracie, bookkeeper for J. C. Ellis, an auctioneer, has fied the city an embezzier for over \$1,200. His mother, who lives in Oil City, Pa., has from time to time given him \$15,000 with which to pay his debts.

She has reused to have anything more to do with him financially, and to-morrow a reward of \$100 will be offered for his arrest.

THE WEATHER. For Western Pennsyl-

the lakes, stationary temperature in the infor West Virginia, fair, terior, westerly winds.

The United States Signal Service officer in his city furnishes the following:

Murdoch street shall ne of a width of 50 feet.
Section 2—That any ordinance or part of
ordinance conflicting with the provisions of
this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils
this 22nd day of July, A. D. 1889.
H. P. FORD, President of Select Council,
Attest: GEO, SHEPPARD, Clerk of Select
Council, GEO, L. HOLLIDAY, President of
Common Council. Attest: GEO, BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Mayor's Office, July 26, 1889. Approved:
WM. McCallin, Mayor. Attest: ROBERT
OSTERMAIER, Assistant Mayor's Clerk,
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 7, page 127,
7th day of July, A. D. 1889.

to be surveyed and opened which was given when little Mary McKee was baptized—the only formal meal which has been served at the White House since Earrison became President—would make a tramplangh and thank his stars he was not confined to White House fare.

Marcell Pelouard has learned enough about the White House from his wife to convince him that it would be much better to be footman in any one of 500 houses in Washington than butler, or even steward, at the White House.

A TERRIBLE POSSIBILITY.

The public interest in the matter at present lies in the fact that there is a prospect of President Harrison's being brought into court as soon as he returns to Washington, to show cause why he shouldn't pay his servants' wages.

The history of the United States knows of the impeachment of a President, but this will be the first time that a President has been brought into court for violating a contract with his cook, and refusing to pay her the wages due. The case is now in the hands of the Marquis De Chambrun, the law agent of the French Government in this city, whose duty it is to secure the full rights of French citizens in cases like this.

ENGLISH GOLD IN IT.

The Rabber Trust Scheme Making Rapid

The Rabber Trust Scheme Making Rapid

The Modulation of July A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE And Policia Maintenance of Hilling Maintenance of Pittaburg, in Select and Common Councilisting of Miffin street, from Main exerct to Friendship avenue.

Section 1—2 Be it ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the client of Public Works be and is hereby caused the works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 80 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance. Miffin street, from Main street to Friendship avenue.

ENGLISH GOLD IN IT.

The Rabber Trust Scheme Making Rapid

Progress—Oversures Made by British
Capitalists — The Original
Pian Dropped.

SPECIAL THEBORAN TO THE DISPATCH.1

BOSTON, August 8.—The Rubber Trust scheme is making substantial progress, and Eaglish capitalists are beginning to figure in the arrangements. A few days ago there was a secret meeting in this city of the Presidents and directors of all leading rubber shoe manufacturing companies in the country, and they did much toward perfecting the details of the scheme. At this meeting a representative of English capital made overtures for the purchase of one or more of the large rubber companies.

Said a gentleman who was present at the meeting: "The original plan, first outlined two years ago, has been dropped. That provided for all the rubber shoe manufacturing companies, and because some would not come in on terms satisfactory to the others, the scheme fell through. It also provided for a ransfer of the various properties to be made to the trust, at a valuation determined by appraisers who were to base their estimates on the business of certain specified years. This was not satisfactory to some, because the years selected were those in whice they did as mall business, while their cotemporaries had the bulk of the trade. All these objectionable features have been eliminated from the new plan.

The committee recognizes that it will be received the committee recognizes that it will be received the residual property of Patrick Finnucane. Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the same the same the authority of the same. Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the same they are the subtraction. Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the same the passage of this ordinance. Section 2 features and the residual property of Patrick Finnucane. Section 2 features and the residual property of Patrick Finnucane. Section 2 features and the residual property of Patrick Finnucane. Section 2 features and the residual property of Patrick Finnucane. Section 2 features and the residual prop

Steed an Ordinance Book, vol. 1, page 114, 5th day of August, A. D. 1889.

(No. 51.)

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE opening of Industry street, from Amanda street to Allen street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 50 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance, Industry street, from Amanda street to Allen street at a width of 30 feet, in accordance with plans on file in the Department of Public Works, known as McLain and Maple's plan of sub-division of Boydstown and T. S. Maple's extension plan of Boydstown. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Common wealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1889.

Section 2—That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Council. Attest: GEO. SHEPPARD. Clerk of Select Council. Attest: GEO. SHEPPARD. Clerk of Select Council. Attest: GEO. SHEPPARD. Clerk of Select Council. Attest: GEO. BOOTH, Clerk of Common Council. Attest: GEO. BOOTH, Clerk of Common Council. Attest: ROBERT OSTEHMAIER, Assistant Mayor's Clerk.

Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 7, page 119, 6th day of August, A. D. 1889.